CENTURY MDF LIMITED

CIN: U20296WB2012PLC181050

Registered office: 6, Lyons Range, Kolkata- 700 001 Contact No. 033 3940 3950 Email Id -lyonsrange@outlook.com

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dear Shareholders,

Your Directors are pleased to present the Annual Report and the Company's audited accounts for the financial year ended 31st March, 2017.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Company's financial performance, for the year ended 31st March, 2017 is summarised below:

Particulars	Year ended 31.03.17 (Rs.)	Year ended 31.03.16 (Rs.)
Total Income	15,112	-
Total Expenditure	25,370	-
Profit Before Taxation (A-B)	(10,258)	-
Provision for Taxation (including Deferred Tax)	-	•
Balance c/f to next Year	(10,258)	-

STATE OF COMPANY AFFAIRS

Your directors are hopeful that the operations of the company would commence in the coming year.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

The general business conditions affecting business are expected to remain stable and company is expected to perform well

DIVIDEND

In view of the losses incurred, no dividend is recommended for the year.

PUBLIC DEPOSITS

The Company has not invited or accepted deposits from the public covered under Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 and The Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

In view of the losses incurred by the Company this year, no amount has been transferred to the any reserve.

SHARE CAPITAL

The paid up Equity Share Capital as on 31st March, 2017 was Rs.30,00,000. There has not been any change in the Equity Share Capital of the Company during the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2017. During the year under review, the Company has neither issued shares with differential voting rights nor issued sweat equity or granted stock options.

NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

During the financial year ended 31st March, 2017, 5 Board Meetings were held on 21st April, 2016, 8th July, 2016, 5th October, 2016, 3rd December, 2016 and 18th February 2017. Sri Sajjan Bhajanka and Sri Ajay Baldawa attended all the meetings of the Board and Sri Vishnu Khemani attended one meeting held on 8th July, 2015. The intervening gap between the Meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEOUACY

The Company has an Internal Control System, which has been designed to provide a reasonable assurance with regard to maintaining of proper accounting controls, monitoring of operations, protecting assets from unauthorized use or losses, compliance with regulations and for ensuring reliability of financial reporting.

CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS, IF ANY

There is no change in the nature of business of the Company.

AUDITORS AND AUDITORS' REPORT

Auditors' Report contains no remark requiring explanation.

M/s. Das and Prasad, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 303054E), Statutory Auditors of the Company, have been appointed by the members at the Annual General Meeting held in the calendar year 2015 and shall hold office for a period of 5 years until the conclusion of Annual General meeting to be held in the calendar year 2020. M/s. Das and Prasad have given their consent to act as Auditors, if appointed. The Company has received a letter from them to the effect that they satisfy the criteria provided in Section 141 of the Companies Act, 2013 and that their appointment would be within the limits prescribed under Section 141(3)(g) of the Companies Act, 2013. Members are requested to ratify their appointment as the Statutory Auditors of the Company and fix their remuneration for the financial year ending 31st March, 2017.

DIRECTORS

In accordance with Articles of Association of the Company Sri Vishnu Khemani retires by rotation, and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment. In view of his considerable experience, your Directors recommend his reappointment.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

The Company has not given any loan, guarantees or made any investments exceeding sixty per cent of its paid-up share capital, free reserves and securities premium account or one hundred per cent of its free reserves and securities premium account, whichever is more, as prescribed in Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

There were no Related Party transactions during the year and hence particulars of contracts or arrangements entered into by the Company with Related Parties referred to in Section 188(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 in Form AOC-2 prescribed under the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is not attached.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

There have been no material changes and commitments, affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report.

DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS / COURTS / TRIBUNALS

There are no significant material orders passed by the Regulators / Courts which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The Company did not have any employee during the financial year, hence disclosure under Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is not applicable.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY & TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION:

The company has no activity requiring conservation of energy or technology absorption, details of which are required to be furnished in this report as per the provision of Section 134 (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING & OUTGO

There were no foreign exchange earning and outgo during the year.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to the requirement of Section 134(3) (c) and 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, with respect to Directors' Responsibility Statement, the Directors hereby confirm that:-

- (i) in the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2016, the applicable accounting standards, have been followed and there are no material departures from the same;
- (ii) the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at the end of the financial year and of the loss of the Company for that period;
- (iii) the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities; and
- (iv) the Directors have prepared the annual accounts of the Company on a 'going concern' basis.
- (v) the directors, had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.
- (vi) the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Company has a defined Risk Management framework to identify, assess, monitor and mitigate various risks to key business objectives. Major risks identified by the businesses and functions are systematically addressed through mitigating actions on a continuing basis.

EXTRACT OF THE ANNUAL RETURN

Extract of the Annual Return as on the financial year ended 31st March, 2017 in Form MGT 9 is annexed hereto as Annexure '1' and forms a part of this report.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors take this opportunity to appreciate contributions made by the Company's bankers, shareholders and business associates for their respective services and patronage.

For and on Behalf of the Board

6 Lyons Range,1st Floor, Kolkata - 700 001

Date: 11th May, 2017

Ajay Baldawa

(DIN: 00472128)

Sajjan Bhajanka

"Annexure – 1"

Form MGT-9
EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

as on the financial year ended on 31.03.2017

[Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

	THE CONTROL OF THE PRINCES.	
<u>(ī</u>	CIN	U20296WB2012PLC181050
íi.	Registration Date	26-04-2012
iii)	Name of the Company:	CENTURY MDF LIMITED
iv)	Category / Sub-Category of the Company:	Public Company limited by shares
(v	Address of the Registered office and contact details	6, Lyons Range, 1st Floor, Kolkata- 700 001 Ph.: 033 3940 3950
vi)	vi) Whether listed company	No
(vii)	vii) Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any:	N.A

II.PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY: NA

All the Business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company are stated:-

SI.No	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product/service	% to total turnover of the company
	No activity at present	ı	1

PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES III.

•	THE COMMENS OF THE PRINCIPLE OF THE PRINCIPLE COMMENS	は、これでは、これに、これには、これには、これに、これに、これに、これに、これに、これに、これに、これに、これに、これに			
Sl. No.	Name and address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate	% of shares held	Applicable Section
1	Century Plyboards (India) Ltd., 6, Lyons Range, Kolkata- 700 001	L20101WB1982PLC034435	Holding	100	2 (46)

IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL BREAKUP AS PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL EQUITY)

Category-wise Share Holding

Category of Shareholders	No. of S	hares held at	Shares held at the beginning of the	g of the	No. o	No. of Shares held at the end of the year	at the end	of the year	% Change
		year	1 1						during the year
The second secon	Demat	Physical	Total	Jo %	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total	ma f arr
				Total				Shares	
				Shares					
A. Promoters								,	
(1) Indian									
a) Individual/ HUF	•	•	ı	-	ı	ľ		-	•
b) Central Govt	1	ı	1	1	E .	I	1		
c) State Govt(s)	ł	I	1	ŧ		J	8	1	1
d) Bodies Corp.	E	3,00,000	3,00,000	100	0	3,00,000	3,00,000	100	0.00
e) Banks / FI	1	•		Ľ	1	1	ľ	1	Î
f) Any other	1	E	-	1	ŧ	•	1	8	8
Sub-total (A) (1):-	1	3,00,000	3,00,000	100	0	3,00,000	3,00,000	100	0.00
(2) Foreign	3								
a) NRIs - Individuals	•	.	•	4	В	I	ı	В	0
b) Other – Individuals	1	1	1	ı	1	1	I.	•	4
c) Bodies Corp.	В	P	E	1	ı	ı	I.	1	8
d) Banks / FI	•	1	ı	ı	ı	1	1	1	I
e) Any Other	1	•	1	l	1	1	1	5	9
Sub-total (A) (2):-	ı	-	ı		ı	P	ı	1	ı
Total shareholding of Promoter (A) = $(A)(1)+(A)(2)$	•	3,00,000	3,00,000	100	0	3,00,000	3,00,000	100	0.00
B. Public Shareholding									
1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds	£	ī		ı	ı	•	1	1	ī
b) Banks / FI	ı	•	I	ı		1	ı	E	ſ
c) Central Govt	E	2		ı	ı	3	1	ı	1
d) State Govt(s)	•	•	1		1			•	1

							-	-	
e) Venture Canital Funds				1	1	•		1	
A Insurance Companies		•	1	1		1	•	1	1
α) HIIc	•	ı	1		1	1		ı	•
E) Tills			ī		E	t	1	•	ı
i) Others (specify)		1	1		ı	1	•	1	
Sub-total (B)(1):-	ı	1	1	1	1	1	•		1
2. Non-Institutions			·						
a) Bodies Corp.									
i) Indian	1	I	1	1		•	1	•	•
ii) Overseas	1	I	•	1	•	,	1	1	•
b) Individuals									
i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 1 lakh	ı	ı	1	1	1	1			•
ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs 1 lakh	1	E	1	ı	•	1	1	ı	•
c) Others (specify)		-	1	1	ı	1	1		E
Sub-total (B)(2):-	•		1	1	1	1	•	ı	•
Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+(B)(2)	1	ı	1	1	•	1	I	E.	
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	1	ı	1	1	1	1	E	ı	
Total (A + B+C)	0	3,00,000	3,00,000	100.00	0	300000	300000	100.00	•
Grand 10tal (ATDTC)									

Market State of the State of th

ii) Shareholding of Promoters

% change in	snarenolding during the year	0.00	0.00
%	1		
of the year	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	IN	Nii
Shareholding at the end of the year (31.03.2017)	% of total Shares of the Company	100	100
Sharehold	No. of Shares	00000€	300000
ling at the beginning of the year (31.03.2016)	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	Nil	Ι!N
ding at the beginn year (31.03.2016)	% of total Shares of the Company	100	100
Sharehold	No. of Shares	300000	300000
Shareholder's	Name	Century Plyboards (India) Ltd.	Total
22	O	1	

iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change) No Change

S.		Shareholding at t	reholding at the beginning of the year the year	Cumulative Si	Shareholding during the year	Reasons for increase/
°Z		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	decrease
	At the beginning of the year					
	Date wise Increase /					
	Decrease in Promoters Shareholding during the year					
	At the end of the year					

iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs): NA

		, ,			21	D
At Sh Sth		Shareholding	Shareholding at the beginning	Cumulative	Cumulative Shareholding	Keasons for increase /
At Da Sh		of th	of the year	during	during the year	decrease (e.g. allotment/
At Sha	<u> </u>	No. of shares % of total	% of total	No. of	% of total	transfer / bonus/ sweat equity
At the beginning of the year Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year At the End of the year (or on the			shares of the	shares	shares of the	etc.):
At the beginning of the year Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year At the End of the year (or on the			company		company	
Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year At the End of the year (or on the	year.					
Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year At the End of the year (or on the	year					
Shareholding during the year At the End of the year (or on the	ecrease in					
At the End of the year (or on the	e year					
	(or on the date of					
separation, if separated during the year)	during the year)					

Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

(v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial	ageriai rersonnei:	mei:			
	0	Shareholding	Shareholding at the beginning of	Cumulative Shareholding during	eholding during	Reasons for increase /
			the year	the year	year	docresse (s a allotment)
S. No.	For Each of the Directors and KMP	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc):
1	Ajay Baldawa					
	At the beginning of the year	0	0	0	0	
1100	Date wise Increase / Decrease in	Ϊ́̈́̈́	Nii	0	0	
	Shareholding during the year					
	At the End of the year			0	0	
7	Vishnu Khemani					
	At the beginning of the year	0	0	0	0	
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in	Z	Ž	0	0	
	Shareholding during the year	771.7				
	At the End of the year			0	0	
3	Sajjan Bhajanka					
	At the beginning of the year	0	0	0	0	
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in	Ž	Z	0	0	
	Shareholding during the year	1				
	At the End of the year			0	0	

INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payments (In Rupees)

	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the				
i) Principal Amount	Nil	ijŻ	Nii	Nil
i) Interest due but not naid	NiiN	IïN	Niil	Nii
iii) Interest accrited but not due	lik	Nii	Nil	Niil
Total (i+ii+iii)	Nii	Nil	Nii	NiiN
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year				
* Addition	Nii	Nil	Nii	ZiZ
* Reduction	Nii	Nil	Nil	Nil
Net Change	Nii	Nil	ΙΪΝ	ZiiZ
Indebtedness at the end of the financial				
year	Nii	Nil	Nii	Nil
ii) Interest due but not naid	III	Nii	Nil	Nil
ii) Interest accrited but not due	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total (i+ii+iii)	Nii	Nil	Nii	Zii

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager: NA

SI. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WTD/ Manager Total Amount	Total Amount
	Gross salary	Nil	Nil
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	Nil	Nil
-	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	Nil	Nil
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	Nil	Nil
2	Stock Option	Nil	Nil
3	Sweat Equity	Nil	Nil
	Commission	Nil	Nil
4	- as % of profit	Nii	Nil
	others, specify	Nil	Nil
	Total (A)	Nil	Nii
	Ceiling as per the Act	5 % of Net Profit of the Company	Company

	B. Remuneration to other directors:				
SN.	Particulars of Remuneration		Name of Directors		Total Amount
-	Independent Directors				
	Fee for attending board committee meetings				1
	Commission	9		•	E
	Others, please specify			ľ	1
	Total (1)	3		1	
7	Other Non-Executive Directors	Sajjan Bhajanka	Vishnu Khemani	Ajay Baldawa	I
	Fee for attending board committee meetings			1	E
	Commission			1	3
	Others, please specify		1		ſ
	Total (2)		1	1	
	Total (B)=(1+2)	•			t
	Total Managerial Remuneration	ı		1	
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act	3 % of Net Profit of the Company	ompany		

C. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/Manager/WTD: Not Applicable

SI. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Mana	Key Managerial Personnel		
		CEO	Company Secretary	CEO	Total
	Gross salary		(Tanasaa Canadan	25	Lotai
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-				
_	tax Act, 1961				
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961				
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act. 1961				
2	Stock Option				
m	Sweat Equity				
4	Commission				
	- as % of profit				
	others, specify				
5	Others, please specify				
	Total				
11/1	DENIA F FIRE C. CREETE CONTRACTOR				

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT / COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES

Type	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT/	Appeal made, if any (give
A. COMPANY				COUKI	Details)
Penalty	Nil	NiiN	liX	Nii	NEI
Punishment	Nii	Nii		INI	INI
Compounding	Nii	Nii	I.Z	N:i	
B. DIRECTORS			447.4	IINI	IIII
Penalty	Nii	Zii		Nii	137
Punishment	Nii	Z		NI:I	INI
Compounding	Nii	Nii		NEIL	III.
C. OTHER OFFICERS IN DEFAULT	RS IN DEFAULT		1117	INII	III
Penalty	Nii	NiiN	Z	N;I	1:10
Punishment	Nil	Nii		Nil	INI IIN
Compounding	Nil	Nil	Nil	III) IN
			The second state of the se		S TYLT

For and on Behalf of the Board

Ajay Baldawa (DIN: 00472128)

Sajjan Bhajanka (DIN: 00246043)



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF "CENTURY MDF LIMITED" Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements of **Century MDF Limited** ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the statement of Cash Flows and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "Ind AS financial statements").

Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act,2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Ind AS financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Website: www.dasandprasad.com

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, and its financial performance including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:

- a. we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our Knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
- b. in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- c. the balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss, the statement of cash flow and the statement of changes in equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- d. in our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the relevant rule issued thereunder.
- e. on the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2017 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- f. with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B"; and
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. The Company has provided requisite disclosures in its standalone Ind AS financial statements as to holdings as well as dealings in Specified Bank Notes during the period from 8 November, 2016 to 30 December, 2016 and these are in accordance with the books of accounts maintained by the Company. Refer Note 11 to the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

For Das & Prasad Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No.303054E)

A.K.Agarwal (Partner)

(Membership No. 062368)

Place: Kolkata

Date: 11th May, 2017

Annexure - A to the Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2017, we report that:

- (i) The company has no fixed assets during the year under audit, hence paragraph 3(i) of the Order is not applicable to the Company;
- (ii) The Company has no inventories during the year under audit, hence paragraph 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company;
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Consequently, the provisions of paragraph iii (a) ,(b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence, not commented upon;
- (iv) In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any loans, investments, guarantees and security and hence the provision of this paragraph is not applicable to the company;
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposit from the public covered under Section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore, the provisions of paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company;
- (vi) The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under subsection (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the product of the Company;
- (vii) a) The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues applicable to it and other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities. There are no arrears as at 31st March 2017 for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable;
 - b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there were no disputed taxes and duties as at 31st March 2017;
- (viii) The Company does not have any loans or borrowings from any financial institution, banks, government or debenture holders during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (ix) According to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Accordingly paragraph 3(ix) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x) Based on the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given to us, we report that no fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of such case by the management;
- (xi) According to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not paid or provided any managerial remuneration and hence paragraph 3(xi) is not applicable;
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence the paragraph 3(xii) is not applicable;

- (xiii) In our opinion and on the basis of information and explanation given to us by the management, all the transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards;
- (xiv) According to information and explanation given to us the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review;
- (xv) According to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any noncash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly the paragraph 3(xv) is not applicable the Company;
- (xvi) In our opinion and on the basis of information and explanation given to us by the management, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For Das & Prasad Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No.303054E)

A.K.Agarwal (Partner)

(Membership No. 062368)

Place: Kolkata

Date: 11th May, 2017

Annexure - B to the Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Century MDF Limited** ("the Company") as of 31st March 2017 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



일하는 의명이 있다는 사람들에게 다

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Das & Prasad

Chartered Accountants
Pr (Firm's Registration No.303054E)

A.K.Agarwal (Partner)

(Membership No. 062368)

Place: Kolkata

Date: 11th May, 2017

Century MDF Limited

Regd. Office: 6, Lyons Range, Kolkata - 700 001

Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2017

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2017 INR	As at March 31, 2016 INR	As at April 1, 2015 INR
I) ASSETS				
1) NON CURRENT ASSETS				
a) Capital work-in-progress	3_	27,30,273	27,30,273	27,12,903
		27,30,273	27,30,273	27,12,903
2) CURRENT ASSETS				
a) Financial assets				
(i) Cash and cash equivalents	4	2,69,458	2,75,452	2,92,715
b) Other current assets	5_	1,511	<u> </u>	-
	_	2,70,969	2,75,452	2,92,715
TOTAL ASSETS	=	30,01,242	30,05,725	30,05,618
I) EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
I) EQUITY	6	30.00.000	30,00,000	30,00,000
a) Equity Share Capital	7	(10,258)	30,00,000	30,00,000
b) Other Equity	' –	29,89,742	30,00,000	30,00,000
) LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
a) Financial liabilities				
(i) Other current financial liabilities	8	11,500	5,725	5,618
(1) 00101 0011011		11,500	5,725	5,618
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	11,500	5,725	5,618
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	_	30,01,242	30,05,725	30,05,618

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

Kolkata

As per our report of even date

Notes on Financial Statements

For Das & Prasad

Firm Registration Number: 303054E Chartered Accountants

CA A. K. Agarwal
Partner
Membership No. 062368
4, Chowringhee Lane, Block III, 8th Floor,

Kolkata - 700 016 Date: May 11, 2017 For and on behalf of the Board

Ajay Baldawa Director

(DIN: 00472128)

Sajjan Bhajanka Director

Century MDF Limited

Regd. Office: 6, Lyons Range, Kolkata - 700 001

Statement Of Profit and Loss For The Year Ended 31st March, 2017

Particulars	Notes	31 March 2017 INR	31 March 2016 INR
I) Income			
Other Income	9	15,112.00	-
Total Income (I)		15,112.00	-
II) Expenses			
Other Expenses	10	25,370.00	
Total Expenses (II)		25,370.00	
III) Profit before Taxation (I-II)		(10,258.00)	-
V) Tax Expenses			
Current Tax			
Total Tax Expenses (IV)			-
V) Profit for the year (III-IV)		(10,258.00)	
/ll) Total Comprehensive Income for the year (V+VI)		(10,258.00)	-
Earnings per share - Basic and Diluted (Nominal value INR 10 per share (PY INR 10 per share))		(0.03)	-
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	1		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

Kolkata

As per our report of even date

For Das & Prasad

Firm Registration Number: 303054E

Chartered Accountants

CA A. K. Agarwal

Partner

Membership No. 062368

4, Chowringhee Lane, Block III, 8th Floor,

Kolkata - 700 016

Date: May 11, 2017

For and on behalf of the Board

Director

(DIN: 00472128)

Sajjan Bhajanka

Director

Century MDF Limited Regd. Office: 6, Lyons Range, Kolkata - 700 001

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2017

		31st March 2017 Amount INR	31st March 2016 Amount INR	
A CASH FLOW FROM	OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(10,258)	-	
Net Profit before Tax		(10,230)	-	
Interest Income		(10,112)	(17,370)	
Pre - Operative exper	ses			
Operating Profit hef	ore Working Capital changes	(25,370)	(17,370)	
Adjustments for '	in Trade Payables, Other Liabilities and Provisions	5,775	107	
BICIESSE /(Desires)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(19,595)	(17,263)	
Cash Generated fro	n Operations	(1,511)	· · ·	
Direct Taxes Paid (No	et of Refunds) from Operating Activities	(21,106)	(17,263)	
	INVESTING ACTIVITIES	15,112	:-	
Net Cash used in In	vesting Activities	15,112		
	FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Net Cash used in Fi	nancing Activities			
Net Increase/(Decre	ase) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	(5,994) 2,75,452	(17,263) 2,92,715	
Cash and Cash Equi	valents -Opening Balance	2,69,458	2,75,452	
Cash and Cash Equi	valents-Closing Balance	2,09,400		

As per our report of even date As per our report or even date
For Das & Prasad
Firm Registration Number: 303054E
Chartered Actiountants

CA A. K. Agarwal Partner

4, Chowringhee Lane, Block III, 8th Floor According to the Roll of the Roll of

Date: May 11, 2017

For and on Behalf of the Board

Ajay Baldawa Director (DIN: 00472128)

Sajjan Bhajanka Director (DIN: 00246043)

Century MDF Limited Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March 2017

A) Equity Share Capital

	Number	Amount
	of Shares	INR
Equity Shares of INR 1 each issued, subscribed and fully paid		
On April 1,2015	3,00,000	30,00,000
Balance at March 31,2016	3,00,000	30,00,000
Balance at March 31,2017	3,00,000	30,00,000

B) Other Equity Particulars	Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss	Total INR
Balance at April 1, 2015	-	_
Profit for the year	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, net of tax		
Balance at March 31, 2016	_	_
Profit for the year	(10,258)	(10,258)
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, net of tax	·	
Balance at March 31, 2017	(10,258)	(10,258)

Significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements .

As per our report of even date.

For Das & Prasad

Firm Registration Number: 303054E

Chartered Accountants

CA A. K. Agarwal

Partner Membership No. 062368

4, Chowringhee Lane, Block III, 8th Floor,

Kolkata - 700 016 Date: May 11, 2017 For and on Behalf of the Board

Director

(DIN: 00472128)

Sajjan Bhajanka Director

Century MDF Limited

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2017

Century MDF Limited (the Company) is a public limited Company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956.

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind-AS") as issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA").

For all periods up to and including the year ended 31 March 2016, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Indian GAAP).

These financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 are the first the Company has prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind-AS") as issued by the MCA. Further, in accordance with the Rules, the Company has restated its Balance Sheet as at 1st April 2015 and financial statements AS) as issued by the MCA. Further, in accordance with the rules, the company has restated as barance check and as 41st March 2016 also as per Ind-AS. For preparation of opening balance sheet under IND AS as at April 1, 2015, the company has availed exemptions and first time adoption policies in accordance with IND AS 101 "First-time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards".

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial assets measured at fair value as described in accounting policies regarding financial instruments.

Summary of Significant accounting policies

Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- ▶ Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- ► Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- ► Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- ▶ It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
 ▶ It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- ▶ It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- ► There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government. The Company has concluded that it is the principal in all of its revenue arrangements since it is the primary obligor in all the revenue arrangements as it has pricing latitude and is also exposed to inventory and credit risks.

For all debt instruments measured at amortised cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. Interest income is included in finance income in the statement of profit and loss.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or Companys of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of Provisions are recognised when the company has a present obligation (regar or consumer) as a result or a past event, it is probable that all outlines of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the resources embouying economic benefits will be required to settle tire obligation and a rename estimate can be made or the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimburseed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.



Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the settlement date, i.e., the date that the asset is delivered to or by the Company which generally coincides with the trade date.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- (a) Debt instruments at amortised cost
- (b) Equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

(a) Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- (i) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- (ii) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is Auter initial measurement, such infancial assets are subsequently measured at animitised cost using the effective interest rate (LIR) method. Animitised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. This category generally applies to trade

(iii) Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired.

(iv) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 11 and Ind AS

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based me ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

As a practical expedient, the Company uses historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forwardlooking estimates to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables.

Financial liabilities

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings or payables.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:



(iv) Derecognition

A financial flability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

(v) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, quoted investments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- (i) Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- (ii) Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- (iii) Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Earning per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss before OCI for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss before OCI for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.



Century MDF Limited Notes to Financial Statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2017

Note No.		As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 1, 2015
3	Capital work-in-progress a) Preliminary expenses a) Pre-operative expenses*	21,670 27,08,603	21,670 27,08,603	21,670 26,91,233
	Total	27,30,273	27,30,273	27,12,903

*Details of Pre- Operative Expenses	Opening As At 01.04.2015 INR	Addition During the Year INR	Closing As at 31.03.2016 INR	Addition During the Year INR	Closing As at 31.03.2017 INR
Incidental Expenditure pending allocation to F.A: Audit Fees Bank charges Employee Cost Travelling & Conveyance	64,045 9,186 17,03,511 3,54,820 2,87,289	514 - -	69,770 9,700 17,03,511 3,54,820 2,87,289	- - - -	69,770 9,700 17,03,511 3,54,820 2,87,289
Consultancy Charges Miscellaneous Expenses	2,76,478 26,95,329	11,131 17,370	2,87,609 27,12,699 4,096	-	2,87,609 27,12,699 4,096
Less : Interest received Balance in Pre- Operative Expenses	4,096 26,91,233		27,08,603	-	27,08,603

Note No.	As at March 31, 2017 INR	As at March 31, 2016 INR	As at April 1, 2015 INR
4 Cash and cash equivalents Balances with banks	2,66,458 3,000	2,72,452 3,000	2,92,715
Cash on hand Total	2,69,458	2,75,452	2,92,715

Note No.	As at March 31, 2017 INR	As at March 31, 2016 INR	As at April 1, 2015 INR
5 Other Current Assets TDS Receivable	1,511 1,511	-	-

Note No.		As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 1, 2015
	Share Capital Equity Share Capital			
i,	Authorised Share capital	30,00,000	30,00,000	30,00,000
ľ	Equity Shares of INR 10 each	30,00,000	30,00,000	30,00,000
1	Issued, subscribed & fully paid share capital issued and fully paid equity shares of INR 10 each	30,00,000	30,00,000	30,00,00
ľ		30,00,000	30,00,000	30,00,00
a)	Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding	No. of shares	No. of shares	No. of share
	Equity Shares of INR 10 each	3.00,000	3,00,000	50,000
	At the Beginning of the period	-	-	2,50,00
1	Issued during the period	3,00,000	3,00,000	3,00,00

b) Terms/Rights attached to the Equity Shares
The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of INR 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

•			As at	As at	As at
1	c)	Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	April 1, 2015
		company Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	No. of shares (%) 3,00,000 (100%)	No. of shares (%) 3,00,000 (100%)	No. of shares (%) 3,00,000 (100%)
		Century Plyboards (India) Ltd. (The Company is wholly-owned subsidiary of the above company)			

			Amount	
Г			INR	
	Note No.			
ı	7	Other Equity		
- 1		Surplus/(Deficit) in the statement of Profit and Loss	-	
i		Balance as on April 1, 2015		
		Profit /(Loss) for the year		
1		Balance as on March 31, 2016	(10,258)	
١		Profit /(Loss) for the year	(10,258)	
		Balance as on March 31, 2017		



Note No.		As at March 31, 2017 INR	As at March 31, 2016 INR	As at April 1, 2015 INR
	Other Current Liabilities Liabilities for Expenses	11,500 11,500	5,725 5,725	5,618 5,618

Note No.		2016-17 INR	2015-16 INR
	Other Income	15,112	-
	Interest on Fixed Deposits etc.	15,112	

No. 4 - No.		2016-17 INR	2015-16 INR
Note No.			
	Other Expenses	9,100	-
	Professional Charges	230	_
	Bank Charges	2,500	-
	Rates & Taxes	_,555	-
	Auditor's Remuneration-	11,500	-
	- Audit Fee	2,040	· -
	Miscellaneous Expenses	25,370	-
	Total		

		INR SBNs	INR Other denomination notes	INR Total	
Note No.			3,000	3,000	
	Closing cash in hand as on 08.11.2016	-	-	-	
	(+) Permitted receipts	-		-	
1	(-) Permitted payments	_	-	-	
	(-) Amount deposited in Banks		3,000	3,000	
1	Closing cash in hand as on 30.12.2016] [Explanation: For the purposes of this clause, the term 'Specified Bank Notes' shall have the same meaning provided in the notification of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Finance, Department of Economic Affairs number S.O. 3407(E), dated the 8th November, 2016."]				



Century MDF Limited Notes to Financial Statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2017

12 OTHER NOTES ON ACCOUNTS

- a As there were no employees in the company provision for retirement benefit is not required.
- b In absence of reasonable certainty supported by convincing evidence, the net deferred tax asset arising from unabsorbed business loss have not been recognized in books of account in terms of Ind AS 12 "Income Taxes".
- Ind AS 101 allows first-time adopters certain exemptions from the retrospective application of certain requirements under Ind AS. With regard to Property Plant and Equipments (Capital work in progress) the Company has elected to continue with carrying value as recognised in its Indian GAAP Financial Statements as deemed cost at the transition date, viz., 1 April 2015.
- d There were no related party transactions during the financial year

For Das & Prasad

Firm Registration Number: 303054E

Chartered Accountants

CA A. K. Agarwal

Partner

Membership No. 062368 red Acco

4, Chowringhee Lane, Block III, 8th Floor,

Kolkata

Kolkata - 700 016

Date: May 11, 2017

For and on Behalf of the Board

Ajay Baldawa Director

(DIN: 00472128)

Sajjan Bhajanka

Director